Building robust embedded systems

Amit Kucheria Pune Kernel Meetup (07/01/2017)

Examples of embedded systems

- Vending machines
- Medical devices
- Elevators
- Printers
- Cameras
- Airbags
- Routers
- Autonomous Vehicles
- Robots
- Industrial automation
- Voting machines
- Amusement rides
- Railway signalling

- Mobile phones (?)
- TVs (?)
- Airplane Fly-by-wire (?)

About

• Me

- Linux user since 1995
- Linux kernel developer since 2000
- Worked for Nokia, Canonical (Ubuntu), Linaro
- Worked on wireless routers, mobile phones, tablets, laptops

• This Talk

- Touches upon several topics to pay attention to
- Target is to raise the bar for MVP
- Not about Linux in particular

Computer systems



Design Considerations (Process view)

- Reliability
- Safety
- Availability
- Maintainability
- Verification & Validation

Design Considerations (Engg view)

- Responsiveness
- Safety-critical?
- Longevity
- Ease of servicing
- Software updates
- System Health Monitoring and Recovery
- Security
- Correctness
- Certification

Pick two



A detour

<u>Real-time</u> systems...

... are about speed

...are about predictability

...can be designed by playing with process priority

What's your score?

| are about speed | Speed is a byproduct and not the main goal |
|--|--|
| are about predictability | Bounding the worst case latency is an important goal |
| can be designed by playing with process priority | X Study deadline scheduling |

Responsiveness (capacity planning)

- Compute capacity needed
 - (Size of input * number of inputs per second * processing time per input) + spare capacity
- Worst-case acceptable latency (real-time)
- Graceful degradation?
 - Ratelimiting the number of clients
 - System partitioning so that critical system functionality is unaffected
 - In mission-critical systems, it points to a failure in requirements gathering
- Example of graceful degradation
 - Websites that support that latest W3C standards all the way down to text browsers
 - Apache graceful restart allows old connections to finish before restarting them

Safety-critical?

- Misbehaviour can result in danger to human lives, damage to equipment or environmental harm
- Examples of bad software:
 - Toyota firmware causing <u>unintended acceleration leading to death</u>
 - <u>Miscalculated Radiation Doses</u> at the National Oncology Institute in Panama
- Extreme solutions for reliable designs (Failure is not an option)
 - Planes usually have 3 independent computer systems processing all data independently and voting. See <u>Byzantine Fault Tolerance</u>
- <u>Resources</u> to write safety-critical software

Longevity

- Flash memory:
 - Long-term: Will it survive for 15-50 years?
 - Flash wear-leveling
 - Minimise writes (1K-10K erases per block on consumer-grade flash)
- Temperature
 - Long-term: Extreme temperatures reduces life of chips
 - Short-term: System reboots
- Sourcing of parts
 - Long-term: Can you replace a unit with an identical one in 5 years?

Ease of servicing

- Remote monitoring
- Remote debugging
- Ability to reproduce problem locally?
- Cost of sending an engineer to a remote site
- Redundancy in HW

Software updates

- Ability to push software updates safely
 - Regular security fixes
 - Periodic bug fixes
 - Optional feature enhancements
- If you're not planning for this, your product *will* get ignored
- Don't create backdoors for updates, use standard mechanisms
- Good examples:
 - Tesla <u>changes ground clearance</u> via a software update
- Examples of terrible software:
 - TP Link repeaters uses ~700Mb/month to <u>test connectivity</u>

System Health monitoring and Recovery

- Out of file descriptors
 - Rlimits (http://connect.linaro.org/resource/sfo17/sfo17-114/)
- Out of memory
- Out of flash space
- Network outage (tricky one!)
- Incorrect input
- Incorrect output
- Is a reboot your only recovery plan?

Security

- Secure boot
 - Only software signed with known keys is allowed to be run
- Network security
 - Unencrypted data sent over network
 - Open ports (webservers)
 - Cleverly crafted packets (ping of death)
- Physical security
 - \circ Most bets are off if someone has physical access to the HW
 - ...but you can make it a bit tedious for the casual hacker
 - Trivia: Hacking <u>deep sea cables</u>

Correctness

- Correct output in adversity
 - Environmental
 - E.g. Adjust radio settings (baudrate, channel) in case of jamming
 - Network outage
 - E.g. Ad-hoc routing protocols
 - HW failure
 - E.g. EDAC RAM, Hard disk S.M.A.R.T.
- Data conversion
 - Ariane 5 Flight 501 failure due to data conversion error in <u>64-bit floating point to 16-bit</u> <u>signed integer value</u>
 - Failure of Mars Climate Orbiter due to two different system of units used
- Formal methods to generate proofs

Certification

- Medical devices
- Hostile environments
 - Temperature, Pressure, Vibration
 - Water and Dust (IP-rating)
- Grades
 - Milspec
 - Commercial-grade
 - Consumer-grade

Why Linux?

- Architecture support (more than any other OS)
- Royalty-free
- Tons of device drivers
- Source code makes it easy to modify
- Allows graceful degradation by dropping features
- Runs on everything from micro-controllers to mainframes

Size

- Linux too big for micro-controllers
- Memory footprint < 1Mb
- Flash footprint < 1Mb
- Minimising language runtimes
- uClibc, newlibc, dietlibc
- Busybox
- Openembedded (OE) custom distribution
- cramfs/squashfs: read-only, compressed
- ubifs/jffs2: compressed filesystems for flash, wear-leveling

Miscellaneous Tips

- Watchdog (SW / HW)
- \$ man setrlimit
- <u>Stress-ng</u> to probe for weaknesses
- PoE
- Defensive programming
 - Using a subset of the programming language (e.g. avoid dynamic allocation and pointers)
 - Become aware of pitfalls of using gets(), strcpy()

uControllers

- Zephyr
- FreeRTOS
- Apache Mynewt
- Pick one, doesn't matter at this point, IMO

La Fin

